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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	. ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/625,303	07/22/2003	Nicolas Popp	10010.943CPA2C	8388	
22804 75	590 08/25/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
THE HECKER LAW GROUP			BULLOCK JR, LEWIS ALEXANDER		
	Y PARK EAST		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 2300			AKTONII	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELE	S, CA 90067		2195		

DATE MAILED: 08/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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./	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/625,303	POPP ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Lewis A. Bullock, Jr.	2195				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	•			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r reply within the statutory minimum of thir riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communical ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	tion.			
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _						
,	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allo			is			
closed in accordance with the practice und	er <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		·				
4) Claim(s) 1 is/are pending in the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	drawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	.d/a.r.ala.atia.n.raayiramant					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	ia/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 July 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action of form PTO-152.	•			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:		119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority docum		a all a all a m All a				
2. Certified copies of the priority docum						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	-	received in this National Stage				
• •	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
See the attached detailed Office action for a						
Attachment(s)						
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Tinterview S	iummary (PTO-413)				
2) 🔀 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date				
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/22/03</u>. 	/08) 5)	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. The cited claim details a method of processing HTML elements using objects by performing various steps. The steps can all be performed by software and therefore, the claims are non-statutory as defined in M.P.E.P. 2106.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claim 1 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,651,108. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the transmitting of a message to the instance to perform an

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operation would meet the patented step of transmitting a "create" message to the instance to dynamically generate HTML statements.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DODGE (U.S. Patent 5,655,130).

As to claim 1, DODGE teaches a method of processing mark-up language elements (SGML) using objects (objects / classes), comprising the steps of: defining object classes for each of the mark-up language elements (col. 4, lines 7-16); creating an HTML template (DTD), the HTML template having a statement (rules) that defines one of the mark-up language elements (via the document type definition which comprises a set of rules which define the relationship between data elements in an SGML source file) (col. 5, lines 21-23; col. 10, lines 1-15; col. 9, lines 41-45); identifying the object class associated with the one of the mark-up language elements (col. 4, lines 6-16); and creating a document based on the object class (col. 4, lines 21-29; col. 3, lines 37-46). DODGE also teaches the use of object orientation with SGML in order to reuse programming code objects (col. 3, lines 27-36) and creating a document based on object classes (col. 4, lines 21-29; col. 3, lines 37-46). It would be obvious to one

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skilled in the art at the time of the invention that a class instantiates into an object and has data and methods that can be invoked and therefore it would be obvious that the data and methods of the associated instantiated object classes of the data elements are invoked in order to create a document. See also column 7, lines 24-30, col. 18, lines 32-58 and col. 19, lines 1-10. However, DODGE does not teach that the mark-up language is HTML. Official Notice is taken in that it is well known in the art that HTML is a variation of SGML and therefore would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to use the teachings of DODGE with the well known mark-up language of HTML in order to re-use objects in forming HTML documents.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lewis A. Bullock, Jr. whose telephone number is (571) 272-3759. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

August 11, 2005

LEGGS A. BULLOCK, JR.